

GLENDALE—
The CITY of HOMES

THE GLENDALE NEWS

Daily Except Sunday
EVENING
DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF GLENDALE

GLENDALE—
The CITY of HOMES

VOL. XIII

GLENDALE, (LOS ANGELES POSTOFFICE), LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CAL., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1918

168

WATER BOND ELECTION

PRACTICALLY UNANIMOUS VOTE TO TAKE OVER SYSTEM SUPPLYING TROPICO DISTRICT

The voters of the Tropico district of Greater Glendale spoke decisively at the polls on Tuesday on the question of an issue of bonds to take over the water system by which that portion of the city has been supplied, and consolidate it with the main Glendale system. The vote was practically unanimously in favor of the proposition. The total vote cast was 474 and of this number 460 voted "Yes."

In precinct No. 1, where the polling place was at the corner of Brand and Park avenues, and where Frank Ashton was inspector, Mrs. Cora Maxwell judge and Mrs. Margaret C. Ingraham clerk, the recorded vote was:

| | |
|------------|-----|
| Yes | 322 |
| No | 6 |
| Thrown out | 1 |

Total.....329

In precinct No. 2, where the voting place was in the City Building at the corner of Brand and Tropico avenue, and where W. H. Bullis was inspector, Julian Moniot judge, and Dora L. Howe clerk, the vote stood:

| | |
|-----|-----|
| Yes | 138 |
| No | 8 |

Total.....146

In precinct No. 1 voters came faster for a time than the three officers could handle them, and Emil Fram was sworn in assistant.

The estimated cost of this improvement as set forth in Resolution No. 992 calling the election is \$55,500, and the property to be acquired includes pipe lines, meters, wells and a pumping plant, reservoirs and reservoir sites and 18 inches of water.

GEORGE WHARTON JAMES

A literary training class for members of the library staff was recently inaugurated by Mrs. Danford, which meets regularly on Thursdays.

Mr. George Wharton James, author of some of the best known works on the aborigines of California and the West, who has been spending a few days at the Glendale Sanitarium, chanced to drop into the library just as the class was assembling for a session in elementary psychology, it being the theory of Mrs. Danford that the better the girls learn to understand people the better will be the service they can give. Mrs. Danford asked the privilege of introducing Mr. James to the class, and he chatted with them along the line of psychology, bringing out the phase of spiritual development. His talk was quite inspiring, and he addressed the class at a later date, giving them interesting reminiscences of famous people he has known.

VARNEY MEETS WITH DIFFICULTIES

The Varney Advertising Company of Los Angeles has had a little skirmish with the City Trustees over a huge sign erected within the city limits, and has been shown where to get off in this kind of advertising, to which the people of Glendale are unanimously opposed.

According to the facts as set forth by City Manager Watson, Thomas R. B. Varney of 231 South San Pedro street, Los Angeles, caused to be erected near the curb line on San Fernando road just south of Riverdale drive, a large advertising sign or bill board fifty feet in length and twelve feet high. This sign board was erected in violation of Ordinance No. 117, which provides that a license must be taken out before any person can engage in advertising in that way in the city of Glendale, and that all such signs which are greater than eight feet in height require that permission be granted by the Board of Trustees; also that such signs be placed in from the street line a distance equal to their height.

Mr. Varney was notified to remove this sign or appear before the Board of Trustees Tuesday evening and show cause why it should not be removed. A representative of Mr. Varney was present and made application for a permit to erect a sign at that location, which application was denied and the order to remove the sign was confirmed. The City Manager was instructed to notify Mr. Varney to that effect and the City Attorney was instructed to prepare an amendment to our present ordinance making it as nearly prohibitive of signs of that nature as would be legally permissible. A notice has been sent to Mr. Varney to remove the sign within forty-eight hours.

WEATHER FORECAST—Fair tonight and Thursday. Westerly winds.

DISCUSS GAS QUESTION

CITIZENS ASSEMBLE TO HEAR PROPOSITION OF GAS COMPANY

In response to a call published through the Glendale Evening News by the City Trustees a hearing was held in the City Hall, Tuesday evening, on the question of municipal ownership of gas. The meeting was called to order by J. S. Thompson, president of the Board of Trustees. Mr. Thompson stated that since the mass meeting had been held about three months ago, at which time almost all present at that meeting favored municipal ownership of gas, the gas company had made a proposition which the Board wished to present to the citizens before going before the State Railroad Commission asking for a price to be set on the gas distributing plant in Glendale. He said the gas company now offers to furnish natural gas at about the same price as mixed gas is now being furnished, providing the City of Glendale will discontinue all efforts to take over the gas distributing plant.

Mr. Thompson called upon W. R. Phelon, manager of the Glendale gas distributing plant, to explain the greater heating qualities of the natural gas over mixed gas. Mr. Phelon explained that mixed gas contains about 850 heat units and that natural gas contains about 1050 or 1100 heat units. It is his opinion that the heating qualities of the natural gas are about 20 per cent greater than that of the mixed.

At this time Trustee Jackson asked that the letter from the gas company in which the proposition was given be read. City Attorney W. E. Evans, to whom the letter had been addressed, read the communication, which follows:

Mr. W. E. Evans, City Atty.,
Glendale, Cal.

Dear Sir:

Referring to the matter discussed by us some days ago, I am authorized by our company to state that we will be very glad to institute a Natural Gas service in the City of Glendale and install a rate schedule, copy of which is attached hereto, providing the City will in turn drop all legal and other contemplated action against this company.

Yours very truly,

A. B. MacBETH.

Rate Schedule Submitted

First 5000 cubic ft. per meter per month, per thousand cubic ft., 80c.
Next 5000 cubic ft. per meter per month, per thousand cubic ft., 75c.
Next 15,000 cubic ft. per meter per month, per thousand cubic ft., 65c.
Next 25,000 cubic ft. per meter per month, per thousand cubic ft., 55c.
Next 50,000 cubic ft. per meter per month, per thousand cubic ft., 45c.
All over 100,000 cubic ft. per meter per month, per thousand cubic ft., 40c.
(Signed) S. CAL. GAS COMPANY.

In comparing the first item in the rates, 80 cents per thousand cubic feet for the first 5000 feet with the present contract, it was learned that the present contract gives an advantage of 80 cents per thousand feet for the first 3000 feet. This offer made by the gas company did not suit the majority of the people present.

Hartley Shaw addressed those present at length, favoring the municipal ownership of gas and said the only reason why taking over the gas property should be delayed would be because of war conditions.

E. U. Emery in speaking on the question said he had always favored municipal ownership of gas and claims the distinction of being the first citizen of Glendale to urge the City of Glendale to take the matter up for consideration. But he too thought the urgent need for money

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RED CROSS JOTTINGS

The surgical dressings department at Red Cross headquarters made hay while the rain fell Tuesday morning and kept busy the sewing machines which happened to be not in use by the hospital garments department. A goodly number of muslin bandages was produced.

Manufacturers of surgical dressings were under the instruction of Miss Ruth Taggart. The product of the department for the day was: 44 scultetus and 216 sponges. Ladies who worked were: Mesdames Walter Stamps, R. S. Durkee, A. M. Mortensen, H. A. Thomm, Burt Roberts, S. C. Steele, R. L. Milligan, E. H. Miller, E. S. Hedges, R. C. Smith and L. Kelly.

Nineteen ambulance pillows were completed by the ladies who work in that department and at the time the reporter called they were busily engaged in preparing pieces to be snipped into bits by school children.

THREE WIN NEW DECORATION

FIRST MEN TO WIN NEW AMERICAN WAR MEDAL FOR BRAVERY HAVE JUST BEEN NAMED

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 20.—The first men to win the new American war decoration for extraordinary heroism were Lieut. U. N. Greene of the Field Artillery and Sergts. William Norton and Pat Walsh, it was announced today.

AMBASSADORS IN MANCHURIA

SAFE ARRIVAL OF AMERICAN DIPLOMATS WITH ORIENTAL ENVOYS IN MANCHURIA ANNOUNCED

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)
PEKING, China, March 20.—The Chinese and Japanese ambassadors, accompanied by members of the American diplomatic corps, arrived in Manchuria from Petrograd today under safe conduct of Russian guards it was reported here.

DAVIES SUBMITS RESIGNATION

SUCCESSFUL DEMOCRATIC SENATORIAL NOMINEE RESIGNS FROM FEDERAL TRADES COMMISSION

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)
WASHINGTON, March 20.—Joseph Davies, successful candidate in the Wisconsin primaries for the Democratic senatorial nomination, has resigned as a member of the Federal Trades Commission. President Wilson, in accepting his resignation, expressed the hope that Davies would be successful at the polls, April 2.

NORMAL STUDENTS ON STRIKE

PROTEST AGAINST THE REMOVAL OF PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS OF THE FACULTY

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)
FLAGSTAFF, Arizona, March 20.—Three hundred students of the Arizona State Normal school are on strike as a protest against the removal of Dr. R. H. Blome, president of the school. Blome was removed, it is said, because he opposed the raising of the flag over the school house when America entered the war. The students' strike is said to be instigated by two other faculty members discharged with Blome.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU WARNS FARMERS

SHOULD FILE DEFERRED CLASSIFICATION AFFIDAVITS FOR FARM HANDS WITH LOCAL BOARDS

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)
WASHINGTON, March 20.—American farmers were urged today to file classification affidavits for farm hands, in a statement issued by the United States Employment Bureau. If they fail to follow this advice they must not complain if their farm help is taken in the new draft of 90,000 men soon to be called.

Immediate action along this line is requested of all farmers to assist in allaying the critical farm labor shortage which is facing the nation.

"Local draft boards," Director John B. Densmore of the Employment Bureau said, "being judicial bodies, cannot defer the call of such men unless the farmers employing them support their claims with affidavits. Therefore, employing farmers should immediately execute and file such affidavits with their local boards."

TAX SLACKERS TO BE PROSECUTED

EVADERS OF INCOME TAX ARE WARNED NOT TO EXPECT LENIENCY AFTER FIRST OF APRIL

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)
WASHINGTON, March 20.—Tax dodgers after April 1 will be placed in the same classification as draft slackers and they will be prosecuted just as vigorously.

Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, announced that a nation-wide dragnet has been thrown out for tax evaders.

"The tax slacker need not expect any leniency when he gets into court," he said.

OVERMAN BILL REPORTED FAVORABLY

JUDICIARY COMMITTEE FAVORS MEASURE TO GIVE PRESIDENT BROAD POWERS IN WAR PROSECUTION

(Special Service to Glendale Evening News)
WASHINGTON, March 20.—The Senate Judiciary committee by a vote of 11 to 7 reported favorably to the Senate on the Overman Empowering bill. This measure gives President Wilson the broadest sort of authority to co-ordinate all agencies for the more effective prosecution of the war.

A FATHER OF SOLDIERS

JOSEPH WHYTOCK HAS INTERESTING COMMUNICATIONS FROM SONS IN ARMY

Joseph Whytock of 111 North Jackson street is in possession of a most interesting photograph, a wide panel about a yard long showing in group the 500 soldiers in the Officers' Training School at Camp Wadsworth, Spartansburg, South Carolina, where Norman R. Whytock now is as a member of Company A, Infantry Service. He shows clearly in the picture and his father is exceedingly glad to have it. He will be remembered as teacher of mathematics in the Intermediate School and he has many friends in this city who will be interested in the picture. About fifty thousand men are now at Camp Wadsworth, of which the small number mentioned are in training for officers.

Mr. Whytock has a letter from another son, Rosslyn D., who is a Captain in the Military Intelligence Service and who is now on the Atlantic Coast. He writes:

"I am kept very busy, to say the least. The work is very interesting and very necessary. As you know, I am in the Military Intelligence Section of the General Staff. Military Intelligence is somewhat a new thing in our army, but the Hun has been quite proficient in 'Intelligence' work for some time and we are now able to play his game. Without an 'Intelligence' department a modern army would have but a poor chance. It is this department which furnishes all the information in the field. The Intelligence Officers and men collect data concerning the enemy, number of troops, the corps to which they belong, where they are placed on the battle front, the number of reserves and their location, artillery strength, etc. The 'Intelligence' takes charge of every source of information. It is the eyes of the army. At home the Intelligence Department is largely confined to counteracting espionage and putting a stop to the enemy spy system and methods of obtaining information.

"At present I am in charge of our water front work. We look over the people coming to this country and going abroad. It is a big task but an important one, for the enemy is ever working and it is our duty to guess his next move and try to stop him and incidentally to learn his agents.

"This nation is going to wake up to the seriousness of the fight very shortly. It is no kindergarten task that confronts us. The Hun is not

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DEATH OF DR. GRIEVE

Dr. John Grieve passed away in Glendale, Tuesday, March 19, aged 50 years. The deceased had been in Glendale only about six weeks. He was prominent in Masonry, being a member of the Scottish Rite Consistory of Tacoma, Wash., and a life member of Affi Shrine Temple of Tacoma. Dr. Grieve was not married. He leaves a brother and other relatives at Tacoma.

Funeral services will be held Thursday afternoon at the funeral parlors of the Pulliam Undertaking Co. and will be in charge of Unity Lodge, F. and A. M. of Glendale. Interment will be in Forest Lawn Memorial Park.

AUTOMOBILES COLLIDE

This forenoon at about 10:45 o'clock, when Geo. Mott, driving Jesse Chambers' auto express loaded with furniture, was in the act of turning north from Tenth street on Brand boulevard, he collided with a Pierce-Arrow touring car going south, owned by Wm. H. Morris and driven by J. H. Lovitt of Pasadena. The auto express, which is a Ford, was quite badly damaged and the driver, young Mott, received several ugly bruises. Roy Wilson, who accompanied him, was injured quite severely although not seriously. The question of upon whom rests the blame of the accident is to be settled before Justice Lowe.

MEN WILL ENTERTAIN BOYS

Thursday evening will be "Men and Boys" night at the social hall of the first M. E. church. The speaker of the evening will be District Superintendent Rev. A. Ray Moore, with a special message for men and boys.

The meeting is called for 6:45 and all the boys of the Church are to be the guests of all the men of the Church at a dinner which is to be brought and served by the men before the speaking takes place. Every man and boy is urged to be there.

ARTISANS IN ARMY

MEN NEEDED IN ALL DEPARTMENTS CAN BE SPECIALLY INDUCTED

A circular letter which has reached members of the local Board of Exemption from the office of the Adjutant General at Sacramento, advises them that when an especially qualified registrant applies for induction in a branch which at the time is not open for induction, he should be directed to apply to the office in charge of that particular branch of the service at Western Department Headquarters in the Santa Fe Building at San Francisco. The induction of men with these particular qualifications is desirable to save training new men. At the present time men can be used in the following branches of service, if physically qualified:

Infantry, Artillery and Cavalry

Engineers, auto and truck drivers, bridge workers, blacksmiths, concrete workers, carpenters, electric power men, foundrymen, gas engine-men, all kinds of linemen, machinists, all kinds of miners, powdermen, millwrights, pile driver operators, quarry men riggers, sawmill men, railroad men, all branches of steam engineers, steam fitters and draughtsmen.

Signal Corps, Land Division

Chauffeurs, motorcycle men, gas engine repair men, operators, telegraph and radio telephone men, telephone repair men, linemen, photographers, still and moving men familiar with homing pigeons, cooks, meteorologists, cobblers, rubber vulcanizers, welders.

Signal Corps, Aviation

Auto mechanics, brick layers, cabinet makers, coppersmiths, draftsmen, mechanical instrument men, repair men, lumber jacks, metal workers, painters, propeller makers, riggers for airplanes, rope riggers, sail makers.

Medical Corps

Medical students, druggists, trained nurses and hospital attendants.

Ordnance Department

Machinists, gunsmiths, and men trained in handling ammunition and gun parts.

Quartermaster Department

Truck and automobile drivers, clerks, butchers, men experienced in clothing and groceries.

There is always a demand for saddlers, shoemakers, tailors, barbers, cooks and bakers in all branches. However, they can only be inducted for such branches of the service as may be open for induction, but these men can be transferred to such units as need them after their induction.

HONORED AGE

Elderly, old-fashioned women who have felt that they did not fit into modern life very well, have come into their own. They are now the efficient leaders in a good share of the war work; they are the women who are respected and admired for their accomplishments.

Glendale has a representative woman of this type in Mrs. H. A. Streight, mother of Mrs. P. J. Schwab, of 121 North Kenwood street. She has more than done her bit with her knitting needles, for since July she has made:

16 sweaters,
14 pairs of socks,
5 mufflers,
14 pairs of long wristlets,
9 pairs of short wristlets,
24 washrags.

This she has done without neglecting her customary household activities. Where would the Red Cross work be today were it not for the grandmothers who are skilled in the making of socks, who have cheerfully put their skill at the service of the country and instructed the young of the land in what had become almost a lost art?

DEATH OF MR. TRAFTON

George Graham Trafton, who came here five days previous from Hollywood, passed away Sunday, March 17, at 323 1/2 S. Brand. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his death. Mr. Trafton was an artist and had been in the employ of Hartsooks of Los Angeles for a number of years.

Funeral services were held at the Pulliam Undertaking parlors, Wednesday afternoon, with burial at Forest Lawn.

RAINFALL 18.19 INCHES

Since the published report of Tuesday's rainfall there has been an added precipitation, as recorded by the rain gauge of H. E. Bartlett, of 23-100 of an inch, which brings the total of the season to 18.19 inches as compared with 17.27 inches at this date last year.

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GLENDALE, CALIFORNIA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1918

THE THIRD UNITED STATES LIBERTY LOAN COMING

Did the nation ever face a sterner or more glorious task? When you are asked to buy Liberty Bonds you should hear in the appeal not only a call upon your purse and a plea for economy and thrift on your part and that of your family, but a bugle call to join a new crusade. Let your mind and your conscience supply what the words of the appeal may omit—the overtones of the claims of humanity.

The boys who are going to the front so jauntily and bravely will face German liquid fire, German poison gas, German weapons of the most destructive sort; the call for money is in their names. The nation needs it that they may not be sacrificed through lack of weapons and equipment; that they may be able to beat back the ruthless Prussian war-machine and deal the blows that will eventually cause it to reel and fall in the greatest victory ever won for righteousness on the field of battle.

HAVE YOU GOT YOUR HONOR FLAG?

"Have you got your Honor Flag?" will be the slogan for the Third Liberty Loan Bond campaign which will be opened April 6th. In a letter received from the Treasury Department at Washington, it is the plan of the Government to give a Liberty Loan Flag to every subscriber for a Third Liberty Loan Bond, and the hundreds of workers in this county will see that every home has a Liberty Honor Flag in the window before the end of the campaign.

This Liberty Honor Flag will be a reproduction of the immense flag that will hang at Washington and upon which each state will be recorded as it reaches its quota in the Liberty Loan Drive. At Sacramento there will be another big flag which will record the names of every county in California as they complete their Liberty Loan quota, and each city or community in California will receive a large Third Liberty Loan Honor Flag from Washington immediately the report has reached there that this city or community has gone over the top.

Full plans are now being completed by the Southern California Liberty Loan State Central Committee to provide every County Chairman in Southern California with a large Honor Roll which is to be placed in a prominent position and upon which will be posted the name of every subscriber to a Third Liberty Loan Bond. Each night, the names of the day's sales will be added. At the top of the Honor Roll which contains a reproduction of the Honor Flag will be the slogan, "Help our town win the right to fly this flag."

It is expected the Liberty Loan Committee will shortly announce the location of this Honor Roll and complete plans for the working out of the local Liberty Honor Flag Campaign.

NOTES FROM THE STATE COUNCIL FOR DEFENSE

SACRAMENTO, March 20.—Adopting tactics which will create the maximum amount of discord between various factions and people, enemy agents are active in practically every part of the United States, according to a warning received today by the California State Council of Defense from authorities in Washington. Factional disputes and the dissemination of reports which will tend to create friction between any two factions in different districts of the country is now the chief activity of enemy agents, according to Washington advices.

Here are some of the alleged activities of German agents: "On the Pacific Coast every effort is being made to stir up trouble and bad feeling between Americans and Japanese.

"All along the Mexican border, efforts are being made to create friction between Mexican residents and Americans.

"In Southern states German agents have been apprehended in their activities to create bitter feeling between negroes and white people.

"In many parts of the U. S. a well-formulated campaign, working through churches, is being made to set Protestant against Catholic. An attempt is being made to show that the Catholics are obtaining control of the government in Protestant territory, while in sections where Catholics predominate stories are going out to the effect that the Catholics are being discriminated against.

"In every industrial center no opportunity is being lost to build up friction between capital and labor."

In addition to the foregoing, through the medium of stories circulated broadcast every possible effort is being made to discredit the Red Cross and to stimulate criticism and discord against government officials in the handling of the nation's war problem.

GREAT DANGER ESCAPED

It is fortunate, in view of recent developments, that the United States, almost a year ago, declared war on Germany. We know today, from Russia's experience, what a country brought under the German heel would suffer. Germany dismembers and plunders her victims. Territorially speaking, Russia is being thrown back two centuries or more in Europe; if the war ends on this basis it may be impossible for any Russian leader to repeat the work of Peter the Great. If Germany holds her eastern conquests and brings their military manpower and resources under compulsory and scientific direction, she may never have to fight the "next war," because western Europe might submit resignedly without a struggle to such an overwhelming military empire.

Had the United States stayed out of the war it would not have undertaken as it has the mighty task of preparation. The entente in its original form has been smashed, and its undoing would now be generally acknowledged if America had remained neutral. Without a single powerful friend among the nations, and still without an adequate army or navy, this country would have confronted in a triumphant kaiserism the most arrogant of imperialistic states, filled too with an intense dislike of the "dollar-chasing" people who had sold munitions to its foes and whose claims to the role of protector in the new world had long filled it with rage.

We are bound to admit also that our government would probably have been presented with a bill for damages from Berlin, amounting to many billions of dollars, based on the fantastic theory

that thousands of German soldiers, assumed to have been killed by American-made shells, had suffered from our hands in violation of international law, as revised by German professors. Refusal to pay the bill would not have led to another Geneva court of arbitration; on the contrary, the German fleet would have appeared off the port of New York, with the country not yet fully prepared to resist an invasion.

As things are, we are fast getting ready for the very worst eventualities. Some money has been extravagantly spent, or wasted, or stolen, perhaps, as Senator McCumber has declared in a senate speech, in the process of placing ourselves on a war basis. But the country is, in fact, accomplishing, under the spur of an obvious necessity, what it could not have accomplished while remaining at peace. Germany cannot now come across the Atlantic on a colossal raid for plunder and find America a tempting easy prey. That danger has passed—let us hope, forever.—Springfield Republican.

FARM BUREAU STRONG FOR LIBERTY PIGS

Not only will the members of the Los Angeles County Farm Bureau buy Liberty Bonds this year, but they are being urged by the Directors and the Farm Advisor to raise one or more Liberty Pigs as well. On account of the high price of grains the number of hogs in the county has dropped alarmingly, just at the time the Government is asking for an increase in hogs in order to take care of the needs of the Army and Navy and our Allies. In order to restore the hog population to and above normal as soon as possible, every member of the Farm Bureau will be given the opportunity to sign a pledge to raise one or more Liberty Pigs. Farmers who have sows to farrow this spring which they are forced to sell on account of lack of feed are urged to communicate with the Farm Advisor in order that the committee on Hog Increase may place these animals with farmers who have feed and thus prevent their being sent to the slaughter house. It is considered as patriotic to raise a pig this year as to buy a Liberty Bond.

NEW WHEAT SUBSTITUTES

More wheat substitutes are appearing in the market each week as the request for wheat conservation becomes more urgent. That the women of Glendale may keep abreast of the times, Mrs. Jessica Hazzard demonstrated at her Tuesday morning lecture in the City Hall with Feterita Flour and Cottonseed Meal in the making of muffins, which had very much the appearance of molasses cake in color, but which were much enjoyed when sampled by the ladies present.

The use of milo maize, Kafir corn and feterita is opening up a very wide field of substitutes which are easily grown, simply prepared and of high food value.

The steamed brown bread from the recipe which follows is a true wheat conservator, for no white flour was used in the recipe at all. Milo maize, corn meal and barley being substitutes used. With the addition of raisins, dates or nuts, this makes delicious little sandwiches for afternoon tea.

As eggs begin to be more plentiful and the price drops, we begin to add more egg dishes to our menu. Any cook who thinks wheat flour is necessary for a really good sponge cake should have been present yesterday morning and sampled the barley flour sponge cake which was baked. A dainty little Easter touch was added (to the delight of the small girl present) when the egg shells were used as baking shells for a little sponge cake mixture. When baked and the shells removed, small yellow eggs appeared, ready to be devoured by the little folks. The shells should be washed, dried and well greased and imbedded in shallow pans of bran or some such mixture to keep them upright while cake is baking.

The last dish demonstrated was a meat substitute, cheese soufflé. This is easy of preparation, bakes quickly and is highly concentrated in food value.

Mrs. Hazzard will not be in Glendale next Tuesday, March 26, as the U. S. Government has requested her to be in Lancaster at that date in conference with the Farm Bureau being established there.

When the Food Administration sends out such practical instructors as Mrs. Hazzard, there can be no reason for any housewife failing to carry out the request of the Government for substitutions. We must feed our families well, but let us bend every energy to save the wheat for the allies and our own boys in the trenches.

In response to a request for a good filling for the barley flour pie crust demonstrated last week, the following was given:

Filling for Pie

1 cup brown sugar
1/4 cup hot water
Boil to heavy syrup.
1 1/2 tablespoons barley flour
1 cup milk
1 teaspoon butter
1 egg well beaten
Dash of nutmeg
1/2 teaspoon vanilla
Mix well; mix with syrup and beat hard. Fill crust and bake.

Feterita Muffins

1 egg well beaten
1 cup milk
1 1/4 cups Feterita flour
1/2 cup cottonseed meal
1 teaspoon salt
2 teaspoons baking powder
1 tablespoon sweetener
1 tablespoon melted shortening
If buttermilk or sour milk is at hand, use 1/2 teaspoon soda and 1 1/2 tablespoons baking powder in place of 2 teaspoons baking powder.

Brown Bread

1 cup milo maize
1 cup corn meal
1 cup barley or rye

1 1/2 teaspoons salt
1 teaspoon soda
1/4 teaspoon baking powder
1/4 cup syrup or molasses
1/4 cup brown sugar
About 1 1/4 cups liquid, sufficient to make a stiff drop batter.

Barley Flour Sponge Cake

Yolks of 4 eggs well beaten
1 cup sugar
1 tablespoon cold water
1 tablespoon lemon juice
3/4 cup barley flour
2 tablespoons rice flour
1 teaspoon baking powder
Beat whites of eggs very stiff and fold in at last. All barley flour may be used and the cake may be baked as loaf, chimney, drop or layer cake. These lectures are free to every one and there is no more important way of doing our bit than right in our own kitchens.

TRY DISTRICT JUDGE ON SERIOUS CHARGE

(By United Press)

HELENA, Mont., March 20.—Sitting as a court of impeachment, the senate of the Montana State Legislature convened today to determine the truth of charges of disloyalty and malfeasance made against Charles L. Crum of Forsyth, judge of the Fifteenth District, by the House of Representatives. Members of the House named a board of managers to prosecute the charges against Crum, and witnesses for both sides are streaming in from Rosebud and Musselshell counties.

Articles of impeachment were adopted by the lower house at the special war session last month after over 100 affidavits were submitted by Governor Sam Stewart and the Rosebud County Committee of 100. These supported charges made by the committee that Crum had made statements disloyal to the government; had criticized the president; had declared the draft law unconstitutional, and sought to condone the Lusitania sinking.

It is also charged that Crum, when here as a character witness for a Rosebud county man charged with treasonable utterances, pointed a gun at a federal attorney.

ALIEN WOMEN TO BE DEALT WITH

WASHINGTON, March 20.—That information of value to the enemy be prevented from finding its way to Germany through the instrumentality of woman spies, Congress will soon enact legislation including women among enemy aliens. Women, and children under 14 are specifically exempted under the provisions of the present statute. The House passed such a bill on Monday, and it will be brought up in the Senate soon.

The necessity of women aliens being dealt with as severely as men is realized by officials of the Department of Justice, who declare that women enemy aliens make as dangerous spies as men.

The section as amended so as to include women reads:

"Whenever there is a declared war between the United States and any foreign nation or Government, and any invasion or predatory incursion is perpetrated, attempted or threatened, against the territory of the United States by any foreign nation or government, and the President makes public proclamation of the event, all natives, citizens, denizens, or subjects of the hostile nation or government, being of the age of 14 years and upward, who shall be within the United States and not actually naturalized, shall be liable to be apprehended, restrained, secured, and removed as alien enemies. The President is authorized in any such event, by his proclamation thereof or other public act, to direct the conduct to be observed, on the part of the United States, toward the aliens who

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LISTINGS SOLICITED

CLASSIFIED ADS

First insertion per line 6 cents. Succeeding consecutive insertions per line 4 cents. Count 6 words to the line. Cash must accompany order. Minimum charge first time 30 cents.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eight hens and rooster of heavy laying strain, Rhode Island Reds. Hens all laying. 349 W. Colorado St. Phone Gl. 1494-R. 16814*

FOR SALE—2 Flemish does and 14 young rabbits, 4 and 6 weeks old. 1557 Myrtle St. 1681*

FOR SALE—Seed potatoes, Oregon Mortgage Lifters, 925 S. Adams St. Phone Sunset 38-M. 16712*

FOR SALE—Turkey eggs for hatching, 15c each, 847 San Rafael Ave. 16713*

FOR SALE—1917 Ford touring car in first class condition; with speedometer, tire rack, shock absorbers and unused back tire. Price \$475.00 H. M. Steele, 1418 Myrtle St., Glendale. 16616*

BEST WHITE ROSE seed potatoes, \$1.50 per sack, Mortgage Lifters, \$1.25. Phone Gl. 16-J. 1641f

FOR SALE—Seed potatoes, White Rose variety, \$1.50 per cwt. delivered. Now is the time to buy. Peter L. Ferry, 536 E. Acacia Ave. Home phone 2761. Sunset 475-J. 1431f

FOR SALE—Very desirable business and residence lots unsurpassed for merit and price, also a few real bargains in real houses furnished or vacant. A vacant house and apartment, also store for rent, at low rates. Apply to EZRA PARKER, 417 Brand boulevard. 1411f

FOR SALE—Special prepared fertilizer for lawns and flowers. White's Dairy, Burbank, Route A, Box 283. Tel. Home Green 24. 531f

FOR RENT

New 2-room furnished apartment, finished in ivory, mahogany furniture, very sunny, 1017 1/2 W. Broadway. Inquire 1020 W. Broadway. 16613*

FOR RENT—3 room furnished apartment, nice shady place for the summer. Rent \$12. 423 West Third St. 1681f

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished 3-room bungalow apartment. Fine location, corner Fifth and Louise. Inquire at Carney's Shoe Store, 1106 W. Broadway. 1661f

FOR RENT—Chicken ranch, 5-room house. Inquire at 536 Acacia Ave. Phone Glendale 475-J. 1211f

FOR RENT—First Class furnished Apartments, suitable for 2, 3 or 4 people; also Single Room. Apply to California Apartments at 417 Brand Blvd., Glendale, Cal. Also have Vacant 6 room House for rent. \$20.00. 1291f

WANTED

WANTED—To buy Ford, 1915 model or later. Call after 5 p. m., 526 No. Central, Tropic. Phone Gl. 1557. 16816

WANTED—Any non-producing healthy poultry, young or old. Why feed slackers? H. M. Valentine, 1005 Verdugo Road, Los Angeles City limits. Phone Green 216 Glendale. 16716*

WANTED—Housekeeper for family of three. Phone Glendale 680-J. 16713

WANTED—Small furnished cottage or three furnished housekeeping rooms. Room 8, Central Hotel, Glendale. 16614*

WANTED—Typewriting or dictation to do at home. Prices moderate. Call Glendale 1581. 1621f

WANTED—Women and girls to make berry baskets, Apply L. A. Basket Company, 601 Cypress street, Tropic. 163-1mo

FAMILY OF THREE wishes furnished house of 5 or 6 rooms. Call Gl. 170-W. 16316

WANTED—We have many calls for houses—furnished and unfurnished—list with us at once. H. L. Miller, 409 S. Brand Blvd. Phones Glendale 853, Black 266. 1531f

become so liable; the manner and degree of the restraint to which they shall be subject, and in what cases, and upon what security their residence shall be permitted, and to provide for the removal of those who, not being permitted to reside in the United States, refuse or neglect to depart therefrom; and to establish any other regulations which are found necessary in the premises and for the public safety."

More than 1,600 tons of anthracite coal were condemned in Pennsylvania markets by representatives of the Fuel Administration recently in the campaign to compel the delivery of clean coal.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

H. C. Smith, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Residence, 1641 Stocker St., Glendale. Home: Call L. A. 60866, ask for Glendale 1019; Sunset, Glendale 1019. Office 1114 1/2 W. Broadway, Glendale Hours, 10-12 a. m., 2-5 p. m.

A. A. MacIntyre, D.D.S., L.D.S.

Graduate of University of Pennsylvania, Post-graduate Hinnman School of Prosthetics, Atlanta Georgia, Haskell School of Prosthetic Dentistry, Chicago, Licentiate of Dental Surgery, Toronto, Canada. Dentistry in all its branches, specializing in Electro-Therapeutic treatment of Fxorrhea by Ultra-Violet Ray etc. Prices reasonable. Office at 142 South Central Ave. Phone 1480.

Dr. Frank N. Arnold

DENTIST

Flower Block, over Glendale Savings Bank, Brand and Broadway Hours—9-12; 1:30-5 PHONE 458

HARRY V. BROWN, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office 111 South Central Avenue. Hours by Appointment Phone: Sunset Glendale 1129

DR. J. P. LUCCOCK

DENTIST

Hours: 9 to 12 and 1 to 5 Phonee Glendale 455; Home Red 113 Bank of Glendale Bldg., Cor. Broadway and Glendale, Glendale, Calif.

DR. RALPH W. LUSBY

Osteopath, Physician and Surgeon

Office 323 1/2 Brand Boulevard. Res. 104 N. Jackson St., Glendale, Cal. Res. Phone 539-J. Office Hours: 10 to 12, 2 to 5. Phone Glen. 1460-J.

Glendale Toilet Parlors

Anna Hewitt, Prop.

Hair work a specialty. Marinello Toilet Articles. Phone for appointment, Sunset 670

STEVE'S TAXI SERVICE

Phone or leave your orders at Spohr's Drug Store

Phones: Glendale 156; Home 156 16716*

PEARL S. KELLER SCHOOL

—of—

DRAMATIC ART AND DANCING

Studio, 123 So. Brand Blvd. Tropic Tel. Glendale 1377 Catalogues on Request

NORWALK HIGH GRADE TIRES

"SOTIE RUBBER"

NEW AND OLD TIRES AT GREAT REDUCTIONS It pays to have your old tires repaired. Come in and see our new Retreading machine. GROSE VULCANIZING CO. 1011 W. Bdwy. Phone Glen. 1469

F. C. Merrick's Transfer

Experienced man with the Buick Truck

PIANO MOVING A SPECIALTY TRIPS TO OUTSIDE TOWNS SERVICE—THAT'S ALL

BUICK Touring Car for HIRE 1104 West Broadway Phone Glendale 180 Res. 459-J

PAINTING, TINTING AND PAPER HANGING

Good Work at Right Prices.

EDW. A. CARVEL

Phone Glendale 506-J. 1454 Oak St.

E. R. Naudain V. V. Naudain

GLENDALE ELECTRIC COMPANY

Electrical Contractors G. E. Mazda Lamps Fixtures Supplies Motors

314 SOUTH BRAND Phones—Glendale 423-J, Home 2532

S. S. Glendale 75 Home Main 23

JESSE'S EXPRESS AND BAGGAGE TO AND FROM LOS ANGELES

Special trips with light car, anywhere, any time. Reasonable rates.

JESSE CHAMBERS, 1109 1/2 Broadway Glendale

FIRE INSURANCE

Don't pay any advance on fire insurance. Come to the H. L. Miller Co., 409 Brand Blvd. Both phones. 501f

FOR EXCHANGE

WANT TO EXCHANGE—Lot of incubators for horse, harness and wagon or will sell incubators. Inquire at 372 W. Fifth St. 16312*

FOR EXCHANGE—Sixty-acre stocked dairy ranch in the San Joaquin valley, modern bungalow, barn, electric pumping plant. Want Glendale property or will sell at sacrifice. Phone Gl. 452-M. 1611f

TRY US—WE SELL

RUGS, FURNITURE,

WINDOW SHADES, LINOLEUMS

GLENDALE

HOUSEFURNISHING CO.

417 BRAND BLVD., GLENDALE, CAL.

The prospect for the 1918 wheat crop in Japan is said to be very good by a report to the Department of Commerce. The 1917 crop is estimated at nearly 35,000,000 bushels.

Palace Grand
TONIGHT
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG
"The Marionettes"
 ONE REEL OF COMEDY
 Two Shows, 7:15 and 8:45
 —Always a matinee at 2:30 on Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays.

C. Marville Dwyer
 114-128 W. Washington
AUTO PAINTING
 Fords, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00
 Body Building and Trimming
 A Large Stock of New and Used Ford Parts, Bodies and Equipment.
NONOLIO POLISHING STATION
GEO. G. PRIKETT, Mgr.
 Phones: So. 126-W, 20375.
 Res. Glendale 1253-J.
 Local Ref.: Frank D. Marshall, Howard W. Walker, O. A. Fish.

J. H. MELLISH
MANUFACTURING JEWELER
 334 S. Brand Boulevard
 Glendale, Cal.
 Tel. 894-J Glendale
 Headquarters for Masonic, Elk and Other Fraternal Emblems and Jewelry.
WATCH, CLOCK, JEWELRY REPAIRING
ENGRAVING AND ELECTRO PLATING
 Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings

STATIONERY
 Office Supplies, Books, Games, Toys, Flags, etc.
 —Get a book from our circulating library, 10c for 7 days
The H. & A. Stationery Store
 324 So. Brand Blvd.
 2 Doors South of P. O.

MRS. ROY W. MASTERS
PIANISTE AND TEACHER
 Studio, 342 No. Maryland
 Telephone Sunset Glendale 980-M.

VERDUGO RANCH
 W. P. BULLOCK, Prop.
NATURAL JERSEY MILK
 Milked and Bottled on our own Farm
 Coffee Cream—Whipping Cream
 Night Deliveries in Glendale
 Home Phone 456—2 bells

ONE TON TRUCK FOR RENT
 BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK WITH-
 OUT DRIVER
HILL, 421 S. Brand Blvd.

FRUITS AND CONFECTIONS
 Also Staple Groceries
 Offutt's Old Stand
 1102½ West Broadway
J. F. PARSONS, Proprietor

DAY-OLD AND OLDER CHICKS

 From Bred-to-lay Parent Stock in lots 10 to 5000

Wildman Transfer Co.
 R. O. Wildman, Prop.
 Office 120 E. Laurel Street
 For prompt, efficient service and right prices
 Phone Glendale 262-W.

GLENDALE DYE WORKS
 435½ Brand.
 Phones, Glendale 207; Home Blue 220
 Garments of Every Description Cleaned, Dyed, Repaired or Pressed.
 HAVE YOUR HAT CLEANED AND BLOCKED, 75c.

Personals

The next regular meeting of the Thursday Afternoon Club of this city will be a musical and will be of special interest to members and guests. It will be held Thursday afternoon, March 21st, at the home of Mrs. J. Herbert Smith, 114 North Brand boulevard. The program will be in charge of Mrs. Edgar Fry and Miss Mary Cornwell will be assisting hostess.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Griggs of 1451 Oak street, who have been living in a house owned by Mrs. Clark, have been obliged to vacate because their landlady is returning to Glendale to live and desired the possession of her home. Mr. and Mrs. Griggs have moved into a house owned by Ivan Robinson at 1524 Lorraine street, Casa Verdugo, and are rejoicing because they made the change before the storm.

Professor A. L. Ewing, for many years lately connected with the Agricultural Department of the Wisconsin State University, and his estimable wife are leaving California today after sojourning in Glendale and Pasadena about three months, where they renewed old acquaintances with friends from the home town. River Falls, Wis. While here Prof. Ewing was busy with bee culture. They will doubtless come again next year.

The Red Cross Auxiliary of the Tuesday Afternoon Club will meet Thursday, March 21st, if the weather is fair, with Mrs. F. F. Jamison of North Glendale. If it should prove to be a stormy day, the ladies will meet with Mrs. J. B. McClellan at 318 South Central avenue. Those having knitted garments not yet completed are asked to bring them to the meeting so they may be finished and handed in for the shipment which is to be made soon.

Mrs. Edgar Fry, of 233 West Cerritos avenue, had the pleasure of being one of a party of eight ladies who were guests at a luncheon given a few days ago by Mrs. B. E. Luther at Hotel Clark in honor of Mrs. Holmes, bride of Harry Holmes, the famous English war worker. Mr. and Mrs. Holmes are soon to cross the water to resume active service, she in the canteen work and he in charge of all the English Young Men's Christian Associations on the war front.

The Parent-Teacher Association of the Broadway School will hold its regular meeting at 3:15 p. m. Thursday. It is desired that all parents be present whether members or not as this will be a very interesting session. Superintendent R. D. White will speak on the war activities of the schools. Prof. Harry Howe of the High School will talk on war saving, and an exhibition of work by the children of the school will be made. Refreshments will be served as usual by the hospitality committee.

MASONS NOTICE

The funeral of Dr. John Grieve will be held at the Pulliam Undertaking parlors Thursday afternoon and will be in charge of Unity Lodge. All Masons are asked to take notice and attend the service if possible.

BRITISH AMBULANCE SOCIETY

A very important meeting of the Executive Board of the British Ambulance Society was held last Monday afternoon during the working session.

The reports of the Rally Meeting as given by the secretary showed that 27 new members had been enrolled to date and that more were promised, that general interest was aroused by the rally and much enthusiasm.

In further pursuance of the membership campaign, a meeting was called for next Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the "Tavern" at the corner of Broadway and Glendale avenue. The secretary has secured the valuable assistance of the Shorthand Class of Glendale High, which is making typewritten lists of names obtained through the schools. These lists will be placed on file and will be carefully gone over at the Monday evening meeting, when the whole campaign will be organized.

A wonderful lecturer has been secured for the next open meeting of the Society in the person of Benjamin Scovell, who has been with the U. S. A. and Canadian forces in France. He will speak at the High School April 4th at 8 p. m. He is said to resemble Billy Sunday in his ability to wake people up. He is a retired actor.

Following the plan adopted for California and Colorado, the Food Administration has appointed a commission to determine the cost of producing sugar beets in Nebraska. The commission has no power to fix prices, but it is expected that its figures will serve as the basis for voluntary price agreements between growers and purchasers of sugar beets.

All cheese now in storage must be marketed before June 15, unless special permission to hold is given by the Food Administration.

P-T. A. FEDERATION MEETING

The regular meeting of the Glendale Federation of Parent-Teacher Associations was held in the library of the Intermediate School Monday, March 18th, at 2:15 p. m. Owing to the continued illness of the president, Mrs. Arthur Brown, the vice-president, Mrs. Opal Greenwalt, presided.

After a salute to the flag, led by Mrs. Adelaide Imler, notes addressed to the Association by Mrs. Arthur Brown and Mrs. C. E. Hutchinson expressing appreciation of the potted plants sent them during their illness, were read.

Superintendent Richardson D. White reported the consolidation of the Tropic and Glendale school districts, and the Federation voted to endorse John Todd as candidate for trustee of the Grammar School District, and Dr. Bryant and Hartley Shaw as High School Trustees, at the election to take place March 29th.

Announcement was made that the "Country Store," which is to be given by the Federation, will take place at the High School April 6th, and that a good time is assured.

Mr. Sawyer of the High School spoke of the employment bureau and of the satisfaction it is giving to both employers and pupils.

Mr. Root of the High School spoke of visits to classes by parents and friends and the interest they arouse. Fine reports were given by committee chairmen.

Announcement was also made that Mrs. A. W. Valentine, President of the Los Angeles First District Association, would speak at the High School on the afternoon of April 18th under the auspices of the Tuesday Afternoon Club and an invitation was extended to all.

The meeting then adjourned.

RED CROSS SHOP

The cash returns from the Red Cross Shop on Brand boulevard last week were \$19.53, but there were other returns less obvious. The shop is a kind of clearing house and many things come to it which though not salable are still useful, and these are turned over to committees who place them where they will do the most good. The Red Cross Shop also conserves the money of its patrons because its goods are all sold at a reduced price.

Among the new things which the show window contains is the "Carry-all Paper Bag," made of very tough paper with a firm handle attached at the top. These bags are exceedingly useful and have been made very ornamental by the application of decorations. They are fine for the use of children in carrying books, or knitting, and are being sold for the very low price of 10 cents.

Papers and magazines constitute a large part of the stock in trade. They are practically as good as new to the reading public and are sold at half price or less. In fact, they are an object to the buyer because the wise custodians of the shop have adopted the plan of arranging the numbers, particularly those of the Saturday Evening Post, according to the serials running therein. One can now visit the shop and buy a completed story by Mary Roberts Rinehart or any other contributor whom one fancies, and have the reading thereof from start to finish without the delays of the week to week intervals when bought first hand, and have the added advantage of securing it at fifty per cent off, leaving a margin to be invested in other reading. If magazine buyers would bring their purchases to the shop while they are new and fresh, and would buy there occasionally, this department might be made a very good income producer.

Miss Maybelle Douglas is the chairman of the shop and has a corps of assistants who have charge of it on different days as follows:

Mondays, Miss Coral Griffith from 11 to 2 p. m.; Miss Ruth Whytock from 2 to 6 p. m.

Tuesdays, Mrs. Frazee in the morning; Mrs. Eckert in the afternoon.

Wednesdays, Mrs. Dale all day.

Thursdays, Mrs. Wintersgill and Mrs. Boettner (who serves lunch).

Fridays, Mrs. C. E. Day.

Saturdays, Mrs. Towle.

THE TOWARDS DEMOCRACY CLUB

After a vacation on account of several rainy Sunday evenings, the Towards Democracy club had a full meeting at the home of N. J. Wright, 1330 Colorado boulevard, on the 17th. The topic of the evening was the Bolsheviki, led by A. M. Salyer.

He said he had a hard time to keep up with the news on this subject, since they seemed to change from day to day. He endeavored to present three lines of thought: what the Bolsheviki are not, what they are, and who are their natural friends and enemies. Said most of the press were merely disseminating intellectual poison gas to befog people's minds regarding this matter. They were not anarchists nor socialists nor nihilists. The term Bolsheviki meant the majority. They stood for liberation from exploitation by either landlords or capitalists. They had now a representation of about three-fourths majority in the Soviet or the present representative governing body in Russia. Mr. Salyer strongly approved the president's recognition of the Soviet in his late public utterance.

The next meeting on Sunday evening the 24th will be addressed by Attorney A. R. Holston of Los Angeles. Everyone cordially invited.

DISCUSS GAS QUESTION

(Continued from Page 1)

to carry on the war might be a good reason for accepting the best offer we can get from the gas company.

W. C. Wattles expressed himself as not favoring any offer from the gas company and felt sure that on a proposition like this where there is merely an exchange of money and no money to be spent for creating a new plant that the government would not disapprove of issuing bonds for the purpose of taking over the gas property. Mr. Wattles pointed to the fact that the saving on light and water the past few years on account of municipal ownership was a very creditable one and that an equal saving could be made if the city owned its gas distributing property.

E. Fram in his very characteristic and emphatic way disapproved of accepting any offer from the gas company at this late hour and gave it as his opinion that immediate steps should be taken by the city to take over the gas system. Mr. Fram gave a few very practical illustrations as to his reasons for favoring municipal ownership.

A. B. Heacock said he did not attend the mass meeting held on this question several months ago, but from the reports he had had of that meeting the people were quite generally in favor of a municipal gas system, and as there was somewhat a lack of clearness in the call for the meeting now being held as to whether any proposition from the gas company would be entertained, he favored having this question postponed until a future date, at which time all citizens of Glendale might have an opportunity to be present. Thereupon E. U. Emery made a motion that the Board of Trustees call a mass meeting for Thursday evening, afterward changed to Friday evening, at the City Hall and that some member of the Board be delegated to learn if the gas company will present a lower rate than the one presented at this meeting and also learn from the federal authorities in Los Angeles if the government will approve of the city disposing of more than \$100,000 of bonds for the purpose of taking over the gas system. This motion, after considerable discussion, was carried.

Others who spoke in favor of municipal ownership of gas were Norton C. Wells and J. F. Chandler.

A CALL FROM THE FRONT

Here is a chance for all the women in Glendale who can use a needle to get busy on Red Cross work, even if they are not expert seamstresses. In this service there will be no red tape regulations to be observed and everything they do will count. The summons is for immediate service, at Conservation Headquarters, 914 Broadway, opposite the fire house.

A hurry-up call from Division Headquarters of the Red Cross in San Francisco, has just reached Mrs. Ben Nichols, who is chairman of the Junior Red Cross, which has general charge of materials to be used in the preparation of garments for Belgian relief. This call is the result of an appeal from the Belgian Commission which has asked for 5000 tons of clothing. The quota of the Pacific Division is 200 tons. The drive is to last from March 18th to March 25th, when all garments must be ready for shipment. As this call was delayed in reaching Mrs. Nichols, the time is short in which to respond, but she shops the women of the city will rise to the emergency and come to her relief, bringing their thimbles, their needles and thread and scissors. She has a big stock which has been turned in by the salvage collectors, and many of the garments lack only a button or a hook and eye, or can be made whole and presentable by a darn or the sewing up of a rent. It is to the interest of all concerned that these garments should be gotten out of the way and put to service in clothing the naked of Belgium.

Also this committee is in great need of tables, of any sort, chairs, boxes, trunks or chests for packing away completed garments. Any one willing to donate any of these things is requested to communicate with Mrs. B. H. Nichols, Phone 619-J.

A FATHER OF SOLDIERS

(Continued from Page 1)

particular as to the methods he employs and when we are fully awakened we will play it as he has played it and he will get the bump of his life."

Mr. Whytock has a clipping from the New York Sun of February 8th which describes the overhauling of the neutral liner, the Holland American steamship Nieuw Amsterdam, in which a squad of the Army Intelligence Bureau under Captain Ross Whytock participated. Besides these and customs inspectors and secret service men, twenty members of the Women's Auxiliary Corps took part and combed the ship from top to bottom and end to end. All passengers, to the number of 600, were examined and all documents in their possession. Even the consignments of flower bulbs and plants included in the ship's cargo were examined for indications of infectious plant diseases. More than one hundred passengers who landed on the pier and who were not permitted to return to the ship passed eight hours without anything to eat, and were then fed with sandwiches sent in from the street. Most of them took the detention philosophically.

A copy of the Spartansburg Sun-

GAS HEARING CONTINUED

Hearing in regard to proposition submitted by the Southern California Gas Company to furnish natural gas to its patrons in the City of Glendale at approximately the price now paid for mixed gas (one-half artificial and one-half natural gas); provided the City will abandon plans for municipal gas plant, was postponed to FRIDAY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK.

The Board will appreciate the attendance of as many as can come, as it desires to know the wishes of the public on this matter.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES, CITY OF GLENDAL

ANNOUNCEMENTS

CANDIDATE FOR CITY TRUSTEE

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of trustee of the City of Glendale subject to the decision of the voters at the City election, Monday, April 8, 1918.
 141tf C. H. HENRY.

CANDIDATE FOR CITY TRUSTEE

The undersigned announces his candidacy for the office of trustee of the City of Glendale, and will appreciate the support of the people at the polls on the date of election, April 8, 1918.
 143tf J. H. MELLISH.

CANDIDATE FOR CITY CLERK

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of City Clerk of the City of Glendale, subject to the decision of the voters at the City election, April 8th, 1918.
 144tf JOSEPH V. GRIFFIN.

CANDIDATE FOR CITY TRUSTEE

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for city trustee. I have been a resident of Glendale for eight years and have been in business continuously. Those who have had dealings with me know my qualifications. I am now located at 1109½ West Broadway, in the cigar and tobacco business.
 149tf F. J. WILLETT.

CANDIDATE FOR CITY CLERK

The undersigned, incumbent, announces his candidacy for re-election to the office of City Clerk of the City of Glendale, subject to the decision of the voters at the election, April 8, 1918.
 151tf J. C. SHERER.

CANDIDATE FOR CITY TREASURER

The undersigned, incumbent by appointment, announces his candidacy for election to the office of City Treasurer of the City of Glendale, subject to the decision of the voters at the election, April 8th, 1918.
 153tf J. W. STAUFFACHER.

CANDIDATE FOR CITY TRUSTEE

The undersigned announces his candidacy for the office of trustee of the City of Glendale, and will appreciate the support of the people at the polls on the date of election, April 8, 1918.
 158tf FRANK D. SILVIUS.

CANDIDATE FOR CITY TRUSTEE

The undersigned announces his candidacy for election to the office of City Trustee of the City of Glendale subject to the decision of the voters at the election, April 8, 1918.
 HARTLEY SHAW.

CANDIDATE FOR CITY TRUSTEE

The undersigned incumbent announces his candidacy for re-election to the office of City Trustee of the City of Glendale subject to the decision of the voters at the election, April 8, 1918.
 154tf CHARLES GRIST.

CANDIDATE FOR CITY TRUSTEE

The undersigned incumbent announces his candidacy for re-election to the office of City Trustee of the City of Glendale subject to the decision of the voters at the election, April 8, 1918.
 164tf J. S. THOMPSON.

NOTICE OF HEARING OF PETITION FOR PROBATE OF WILL



No. 38277
 In the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Los Angeles.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Dudley Blyth, Deceased.
 Notice is hereby given that the petition of A. W. Blyth for the Probate of Will of William Dudley Blyth, Deceased, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary thereon to A. W. Blyth will be heard at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 27th day of March, 1918, at the Court Room of Department 2 of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles.
 Dated March 13, 1918.

H. J. LELANDE, Clerk.
 By H. H. DOYLE, Deputy.
 EVANS, ABBOTT & PEARCE,
 By ALBERT D. PEARCE,
 Attorneys for Petitioner.
 1007 Van Nuys Bldg., Los Angeles.

BIDS WANTED FOR AUTOMOBILE

The City of Glendale will receive bids to sell to the municipality a five or seven passenger automobile, to be filed with the City Clerk up to 7:30 p. m. Thursday, March 21st, 1918.
 J. C. SHERER,
 City Clerk.

 **PHONE GLENDAL 46**
FRANK D. MARSHALL
 DEALER
 1105 W. Broadway, Glendale


COMMON SAILORS REAL HEROES, OFFICER SAYS

By W. S. Forrest
(United Press Staff Correspondent)
PARIS, Feb. 2. (By Mail.)—"It is not too early in the game for the American people to begin to appreciate the unappreciated, unpraised and unrecognized civilian heroes of the seas" said an American Naval officer in Paris today.

The Naval officer spoke of thousands of common American sailors who are undergoing the almost triple dangers of constant ocean voyages and doing it cheerfully without any of the advantages of Uncle Sam's services—without uniforms, privileges derived therefrom or the glory of dying for their country, officially. This officer knows the civilian sailor because he has seen him at sea ever since America declared war. He has seen him in port and at sea, in danger and at rest ashore carrying on the highly important work that will eventually beat the German submarine.

For a Naval officer to plead the case of civilian sailors is extraordinary in the extreme. He might intervene in behalf of his own Navy men, but for common sailors never. But the officer who spoke in behalf of the unmilitarized sailors in the Paris office of the United Press today was not a Navy "regular."

Months ago, when America declared war, he left his desk in the editorial rooms of a big Minneapolis newspaper and went to sea. Former experience in the U. S. Navy promoted him immediately to command of a gun crew on an American merchant liner. He has sunk one submarine, had one ship burn under his feet at sea and is now manning the guns of another. He said:

"It would be irregular to say how many thousands of American merchant sailors are now at sea. America hears of the Navy and Army on every possible occasion but one seldom thinks of the civilian who is playing a great part in this war and who will play a greater part as the war goes on. These men are unsung heroes. They are volunteers and they get nothing but a small bonus with monthly pay for taking risks as great as can be found in government war service anywhere. They are in perhaps greater danger than the men of the U. S. Navy. The latter man the staunch, seaworthy ships—best that Uncle Sam's money can buy. The former man, in many cases most any ship, among hundreds pressed hurriedly into trans-Atlantic service after having served their time on Atlantic and Pacific coastwise routes.

"The old self-satisfied security of the ancient sea dog has been swept away.

"The war time merchant ship forges ahead without lights and doubling dangers of night collisions. If there is fog, no horn or whistle is permitted. Days are spent at sea in the lurking menace of submarines or floating mines. Usually, somewhere in the hull, there are explosives, dangerous in storms and heavy weather. Even in the coal bunkers, no one knows whether some enemy agent has not planted a time bomb. And even in port, on the European side, who knows but what air raids will not make life disagreeable.

"It isn't the danger of the merchant sailor's career that I want to emphasize so much as it is the cheerful, volunteer way he goes about it. To come ashore in a European port he must undergo all the alien formalities that any civilian would have. He doesn't appear to be much of anybody when he comes ashore. Soon afterward he sails out of port to take another chance on the briny deep. If he's lost at sea nobody hears and nobody seems to care, for he doesn't wear a uniform, and his name is not enrolled on the 'glory' books in Washington. He's simply one of the mass doing glorious work without any hope for glory."

LIVE STOCK CLUBS AND NURSERIES

Work of a really practical nature is being undertaken by the boys of the high school—they have advanced beyond the "window box" stage and are planning some projects that will produce results.

Chief among these, reports the San Fernando Valley Press, is the raising of money to purchase a hand tractor—a machine with which they can plow and cultivate a large area of land not only for their own instruction but for others as well.

The tractor is to be paid for by the proceeds of what the boys raise. What promises to be a large source of revenue along this line will be the raising of tomato plants. There will be a large planting of tomatoes in this section this year on account of the new cannery and also on account of the heavy demand for all sorts of edible products.

The high school boys—under the direction of Professor Dan Clower, who is also intensely practical—will plant a large seed bed and will raise and sell tomato plants.

In addition the boys have formed clubs—a pig club, a rabbit club, a pigeon club, a bean club, etc., and the interest in all agricultural lines is intense and growing rapidly.

From the beginning of 1914 to August 1, 1917, there was a total advance of 82 per cent in the retail prices of bread, according to the Department of Labor. In the last few months there has been a decrease, and prices are now 66 per cent higher than at the beginning of 1914.

SILVER STARS IN SERVICE FLAG

In response to the suggestion of Mrs. A. W. Strong, Chairman of the Minneapolis Division of the Woman's National Council of Defense, addressed to Lieut. Colonel Nathan William MacChesney, judge advocate, National Army of the Central Department, Washington, at Chicago, advocating the use in service flags of a silver star to designate men who after being in actual service have been invalided home for a furlough or honorably discharged on account of wounds received in service, Lieut. Colonel MacChesney has replied as follows:

Headquarters Central Dept.,
Dept. Judge Advocate's Office,
Chicago, March 6, 1918.
Mrs. A. W. Strong, Chairman,
Woman's Committee,
Council of National Defense,
1245 McKnight Building,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Dear Madam: Replying to your letter of March 5:

We understand that it has been customary to represent with a silver star men who have been wounded or invalided home but are still in the service, but do not know whether or not such has been the practice with reference to men who have been discharged from the service. However, it seems to me that your suggestion is a good one, and personally I see no reason why the silver star should not be used for all those who have been in active service and have been discharged because of disability acquired in the service of their country.

You understand that the service flag is not official, but it is in general use and the flying of it is encouraged. Unfortunately, it has been patented by private parties. The matter of having an official service flag not so controlled is under consideration by Congress.

I am sending a copy of your letter and this reply to the Official Bulletin. Yours very truly,

NATHAN WILLIAM MACCHESNEY,
Lieut. Col. Judge Advocate, N. A.,
Asst. to Department Judge Advocate.

SPARE THE PIGEONS

Complaints have been made by the pigeon section of the signal corps that carrier pigeons of the racing-homer type, being trained throughout the United States for communication service with the American army, have been shot by persons on hunting expeditions.

Because of the important part carrier and homing pigeons are playing in the war, and the need for their breeding and development in this country, the war department has considerably expanded the pigeon section of the signal corps. Homing pigeons constitute one of the most effective means of communication in the army.

Any pigeon in the air may be a carrier flying from a loft under government supervision. Its destruction may be a serious loss to the American army. Anyone coming into possession of pigeons labeled "U. S. A.—18," indicating that they are being trained for army purposes, is requested to report the fact at once to the office of the chief signal officer, land division, Washington, D. C.

SAVING THE FRUIT BUDS

Some people think the Lord made a mistake when he made the English sparrow, whose good qualities it is hard to find. The English sparrow, or linnet, is very fond of feeding on fruit buds. They will sometimes strip a tree or even an orchard.

Dan Clower, who is instructor in Agriculture at the San Fernando High School, says:

"There are several ways of eliminating these pests or at least cutting down their destructive power. The easiest is to poison them. This is open to some objections as there is more or less danger in having poison around, but it seems to be the most effective method.

"Cut oranges in two and apply a small portion of strychnine to the pieces. Place them upon a post about four or five feet high in the orchard or over the garden."

He says that it has been demonstrated that the linnet is not a high-flying bird, and will alight on the low post, while mocking birds and some of the more desirable species will not do so—and hence escape the poison.

There is some danger of the poisoned birds being eaten by cats or dogs with consequent fatal results but Dr. Clower states that the average dog or cat will not touch a poisoned bird. This can also be prevented by leaving the poison out a few hours each day and picking up the dead birds.

ORDNANCE BASE COSTING \$25,000,000 FOR FORCES IN FRANCE

An ordnance base that will cost approximately \$25,000,000 is under construction in France. It will include a gun-repair plant equipped to reline more than 800 guns a month; a large-capacity carriage repair plant; a motor-vehicle repair plant capable of overhauling more than 1,200 vehicles a month; a small-arms repair plant to handle 58,000 rifles and machine guns a month; a large shop for the repair of horse and infantry equipment; a reloading plant capable of reloading about 100,000 artillery cartridges a day.

The ordnance base will include 20 large storehouses, 12 shop buildings, 100 smaller shops and magazines, and machine and tool equipment costing \$5,000,000. Approximately 450 officers and 16,000 men will be required for maintenance.

SMALL-FARM OWNER MAY SECURE AID FROM FARM LOAN BOARD

The Federal Farm Loan Board has issued the following rules for the guidance of the land banks in determining what area constitutes a farm for loaning purposes:

"First. Generally.—The farm must be of sufficient area to yield at the hands of an ordinarily capable farmer, putting it to the use to which it is generally adapted and using average methods, an income sufficient to maintain the family of the applicant and discharge the interest and amortization payments.

"Second. Specially.—Where by intensive farming or the practice of a specialty a sufficient income has been regularly derived from a tract deficient in area for ordinary farming, or where the application of the prospective borrower shows that he is by experience capable of producing such an income from such a tract, such area may be accepted as sufficient, provided the land has a stable and permanent market value sufficient to warrant the loan applied for. This ruling does not apply to fruit and orchard lands which have already been the subjects of definite rulings by this board."

Under the first paragraph of this ruling, loans may be made to the ordinary farmer on the basis of average skill and efficiency, and no tract of land will be accepted as a farm eligible for a loan under the Federal farm loan act unless it is large enough to support the family and take care of the loan under the average farm conditions of the neighborhood.

But under the second paragraph of the ruling the intensive farmer or the man who practices a profitable specialty, or who shows himself able to do so, will be given financial support by the Federal Farm Loan System, even though his farm may be too small for ordinary farming purposes, provided that the land quite apart from its use has a stable and permanent land value which will make the loan safe whether it is well operated, or badly operated, or not operated at all.

NEW USE FOR ELLIS ISLAND

Ellis Island in New York harbor, where immigrants from Europe were landed and examined before they were allowed to set foot on the mainland previous to the war, is now to be used by the army and navy for wounded sailors and soldiers.

It is possible for the Immigration Bureau to make way for Army needs because of the drop in immigration. Only 60,000 per annum now pass through Ellis Island. This is less than one-tenth of the former number.

It is the intention of the Navy Department to use its space for the accommodation of several thousand sailors pending their assignment to ships, and the War Department expects to use its space as temporary quarters for wounded men before removing them to permanent hospitals. Part of the property has already been occupied by the military branches of the Government, and the remainder of the plant will be formally turned over to its new tenants in the next few days.

REVIVAL OF CHANTIES

The "chanties" of which Kipling has sung and which everybody supposed had passed with the whaler and the old-fashioned sailing ships, are to be revived and Stanton H. King of Boston has been made official "Chantie Man" for the American marine. It will be his job to revive chantie singing among the sailors who are to serve on Uncle Sam's new cargo ships. Chantie singing declined because the steam vessel largely superseded the sailing vessel, the steamer affording less opportunity to "heave and haul." The reasons given for restoring chantie singing are:

Chanties insure team work when a crew are pulling on ropes, even aboard steamers; while the building of large numbers of American schooners means an increased demand for men who can "reef, hand and steer" on sailing vessels, where chantie singing is used to flourish.

The Shipping Board trains men to serve on steamers, but if a certain percentage ship on sailing vessels and carry with them the almost lost knack of chantie singing, they will be the better equipped for their work, according to sharps on the seafaring game.

Stanton H. King probably is the country's best known chantie singer. Chantie singing is part of a weekly entertainment he gives Jack ashore at a mission of which he is head. The program is usually varied, and to hear Mr. King lead his sailor friends in "Shenandoah," "Bound for the Rio Grande," or "Blow the Man Down" is to understand the psychological punch of the well-sung chantie.

Mr. King is an old salt, and learned chantie singing in its home, on deep-water vessels. He began going to sea 38 years ago, from the Barbados, in the merchant marine.

The new "Mexican service badge" will soon be issued to officers and enlisted men who served under certain conditions in Mexico and on the border. Persons not now in the Army who would have been entitled to the badge and whose separation from the service has been honorable may secure authority from The Adjutant General to purchase and wear the badge.

FOOD WILL WIN WAR—IT MUST BE SAVED

Food will win this war. Napoleon knew it when he said an army fights on its belly. Ten thousand ships might pile 72 centimeter guns and ammunition mountain-high, but without food to sustain the bodies of our fighting forces, it might as well be left to rust and corrode on the docks.

This matter is brought home to Californians in the wanton waste of grain and other farm and orchard products by the ravages of the ground squirrel, the extent of which, one year after the other, is almost beyond belief. It must be stopped before these enemies of our granaries and flour bins undermine the 1918 crops.

The time to strike is now. The producer must be protected. The Nation calls for any expedient that will not only help to increase the production, but conserve as well.

To accomplish these ends the County officials, school principals, teachers, boys and girls of each community will be expected to co-operate as advised through the columns of their local newspapers, which are a powerful factor themselves in this campaign.

The Rodent Control Department of the State Commission of Horticulture is planning a state-wide contest, the details of which will be announced soon. It will be the greatest drive upon these rodents ever devised by any human agency in this or any country. It will be a war measure that stands foremost among the crying needs of our State and Nation.

FARMERS TO BENEFIT

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—A new ruling designed to curtail the manufacture and sale of proprietary foods containing wheat by-products such as bran, middlings and shorts, has just been promulgated and put into effect by the United States Food Administration. It was announced from Washington today in a telegram to the food administration for California. The effect of the new order will be to release greater quantities of straight mill feeds to the farmer on a price schedule not to exceed \$4.50 from the mill to the consumer, instead of the \$8.00 heretofore allowed as dealers' profits.

Henceforth, according to the new regulation, millers will not be allowed to manufacture and sell in any one month an amount of proprietary wheat by-product feeds in excess of the average amount manufactured and sold during any three months of 1917. No greater profits will be allowed in the sale of the proprietary feeds than that taken on the sale of straight mill feeds, which is regulated on the basis of thirty-eight per cent of the cost of the wheat.

A paragraph of the new regulation states:

"Any manipulation of the price or unwarranted mixing of wheat mill feeds by the miller, which results to a profit to the miller in excess of allowable amounts as heretofore indicated for the manufacture of wheat mill feeds, will be considered by the food administration as evasion or violation of the regulations and will be subject to penalties. Millers are warned that manufacture of undue proportion of any one grade of wheat mill feeds not normally produced will be construed as prima facie evidence of attempted evasion of rules."

GIVING TO GOVERNMENT

It was interesting to note that many of the workmen in the mines and large industrial plants who bought Liberty Bonds thought they were giving their money to the Government. Most of these were foreigners who could not read or write our language, and many of them were not naturalized citizens. They bought bonds not because they thought they were making investments but because they thought the Government needed the money and ought to have it. They were surprised when they received bonds and found that they would get interest regularly and could sell the bonds in case of need.

This impulse to help the Government was a splendid one and should be an incentive for those of us who do understand the sound financial value and good investment properties, to make a supreme record in the purchase of the Third Liberty Loan.

Firms or individuals paying officers or business employees a portion or all salaries and wages during the war period in which they are in the service of the United States may deduct these amounts from their taxable incomes, according to a regulation by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

VOLUNTEER MEDICAL CORPS

For the purpose of completing the mobilization of the entire medical and surgical resources of the country the Council of National Defense has authorized and directed the organization of a Volunteer Medical Service Corps, which is aimed to enlist in the general war-winning program all reputable physicians and surgeons who are not eligible to membership in the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps.

It has been recognized always that the medical profession is made up of men whose patriotism is unquestioned and who are eager to serve their country in every way. Slight physical infirmities, or the fact that one is beyond the age limit, 55 years, or the fact that one is needed for essential public or institutional service, while precluding active work in camp or field or hospital in the war zone, should not prevent these patriotic physicians from close relation with governmental needs at this time.

It is intended that this new corps shall be an instrument able directly to meet such civil and military needs as are not already provided for. The General Medical Board holds it as axiomatic that the health of the people at home must be maintained as efficiently as in times of peace. The medical service in hospitals, medical colleges, and laboratories must be up to standard; the demands incident to examination of drafted soldiers, including the reclamation of men rejected because of comparatively slight physical defects; the need of conserving the health of the families and dependents of enlisted men and the preservation of sanitary conditions—all these needs must be fully met in time of war as in time of peace. They must be met in spite of the great and unusual depletion of medical talent due to the demands of field and hospital service.

Conditions of membership are not onerous and are such as any qualified practitioner can readily meet. It is proposed that physicians intending to join shall apply by letter to the secretary of the central governing board, who will send the applicant a printed form, the filling out of which will permit ready classification according to training and experience. The name and data of applicants will be submitted to an executive committee of the State governing board, and the final acceptance to membership will be by the national governing body. An appropriate button or badge is to be adopted as official insignia.

FIRST GAS MASKS MADE BY WOMEN OF ENGLAND AND FRANCE

The use of gas in warfare dates back to about 400 B. C. The Spartans saturated wood with pitch and sulphur and burned it under the walls of cities which they were attacking. For several centuries gas has not been used in warfare, and The Hague convention definitely ruled against it. However, on April 22, 1915, the Germans liberated great clouds of gas against Canadian troops near Ypres. Terrible destruction and demoralization resulted from this first gas attack, and within a week England was making plans for gas warfare against the Germans.

Soon after the first German gas attack English and French women sent to the front hundreds of thousands of home-made gas masks. For the most part they were merely bandages impregnated with chemicals to wrap around the mouth and nose. These emergency masks saved many lives, but afforded only limited protection.

RESTRICT HEN SALES

In order to preserve the poultry industry and prevent great diminution of supplies of poultry, the United States Food Administration has issued orders under which the selling of live hens has been restricted until April 30, in order to prevent rapid disintegration of the poultry industry by the selling of laying hens. In some parts of the country a large proportion of the laying hens have already been sold because of the high price of live poultry. These hens should be kept on the farm. They will lay about 30 eggs each before May 1. These eggs may be sold or set for hatching. On and after May 1, the hens may be sold as usual.

Mrs. Charlotte Pickford, mother of the three famous film stars, Mary, Lottie and Jack Pickford, is ill incident to the departure of Jack to join the flying corps of the navy. Both of Mrs. Pickford's daughters are with her.

Every War-Savings or Thrift Stamp you buy brings the end of the War closer.



FLOWERS WITHER

And soon fade away,—but the value of money increases as the years go by.

There are many foolish ways in which you spend money, which if added to a Bank Account would in a few years make you INDEPENDENT.

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TUJUNGA

Mrs. Sarah Wood of Sunset boulevard, who recently underwent a severe operation at a Los Angeles hospital, is still in a critical condition and not able to see friends.

The heavy rain for the past two weeks has resulted in considerable loss of both chickens and rabbits. Mrs. Ferguson lost ten laying hens and Mr. Rocky about 25 rabbits. Never has the rain come down so slowly, sinking into the soil and but very little has run out from the canyons. Thunder and lightning on Sunday eve brought down a short, heavy downpour and put out the electric lights, leaving many in total darkness up to Monday noon. We had registered for the season 20.67 inches, both by your own gauge and the one in Haines' Canyon.

The Red Cross Society have been unable to hold their meetings owing to the inability of heating the hall as well as the inclement weather.

A physician who left the east some years ago to get rid of the asthma, located among the mountains at an elevation of 5000 feet and for ten years had not suffered from the disease. He then came to California for the winter, locating at Long Beach. In less than two weeks the arch enemy had him by the throat and he fled to Tujunga for relief. In a few days the trouble disappeared and he returned to the beach, only to be overcome again. He immediately started for the hills again, but found that every place was occupied and small chance for lodging. At last he looked up, sighed and said: "Well, Jesus slept in a manger when the inn was full. Bring on your manger. I'm going to stay."

Mr. Fortier is out from Los Angeles for a few days, looking after his property here.

The assessor is busily engaged in rounding up our belongings this week and between him and the income tax it keeps one busy guessing how to make both come out all right and agree.

From June 5 to December 1, 1917, only 5,870 arrests were made or reported to the Department of Justice for failure to register under the selective-service act. Of these 2,663 were released after having registered and prosecutions were begun against 2,059, of which about 1,500 cases are still pending.

A division of "betterments and additions" has been added to the railroad administration in charge of Judge Robert S. Lovett. The division will have jurisdiction of betterments and additions to railroad lines throughout the country.

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PHONES

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